

**MTH 122 2<sup>nd</sup> Exam Review Guide Partial Answer Key Semester 082**

1.  $a = 6, b = 2$        $a = 14, b = 26$

2. 8, 13, 23 and many others!

3.  $11^2 \cdot 8$

4. 5, 7, 25

5.  $\text{gcd} = 2(3^2)$  and  $\text{lcm} = 2^2 3^4 (5)(7)$

6. See text, notes for examples

7. a) 41   b) 140      c) 1010 1100 1000      d) 1111 1010   e) FA

8.  $(26^2 + 26) \cdot (10^4 + 10^5)$

9. a)  $2^5$       b)  $2^4$       c)  $2^7 + 2^6 - 2^5$

10. a) 3      b) 4

11. a)  $12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10$

b)  $\frac{12!}{9!} = 220$

13. a) 8;   b) 1/8;   c) 7/8

14. d

15. a) 0.44      b) independent      c) 0.8

16. a) Three of a kind  $C(13,1)C(4,3)C(12,2)C(4,1)C(4,1) / C(52,5)$ , approx. 0.021128.

b) Four of a kind  $C(13,1)C(4,1) / C(52,5)$ , approx 0.000240.

c) Full House  $C(13,1)C(4,3)C(12,1)C(4,2) / C(52,5)$ , approx. 0.001441.

d) Two Pairs  $C(13,2)C(4,2)C(4,2)C(11,1)C(4,1) / C(52,5)$ , approx. 0.04754.

e) Royal Flush  $4 / C(52,5)$ , approx 0.00000154.

17. a) 36      b)  $\{ (4,6), (6,4), (5,5) \}$       c) 1/12

(Added for Section 32.8 matrices)

18.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

For the above matrices:

- a)  $BA$   $CB$
- b)  $A$
- c)  $A, C$
- d)  $A, C$

19. Let  $A$  be a matrix with dimensions  $4 \times 20$ ;  $B$  be a matrix with dimensions  $20 \times 3$ ;  $C$  be a matrix with dimensions  $3 \times 10$ .

- a)  $4 \times 3$  b)  $20 \times 10$
- c)  $(AB)C$  (360 mult. vs. 1400 mult.)

11. Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . Let  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

- a)  $\text{join} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
- b)  $\text{meet} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- c)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$