

# ANCIENT CHINA

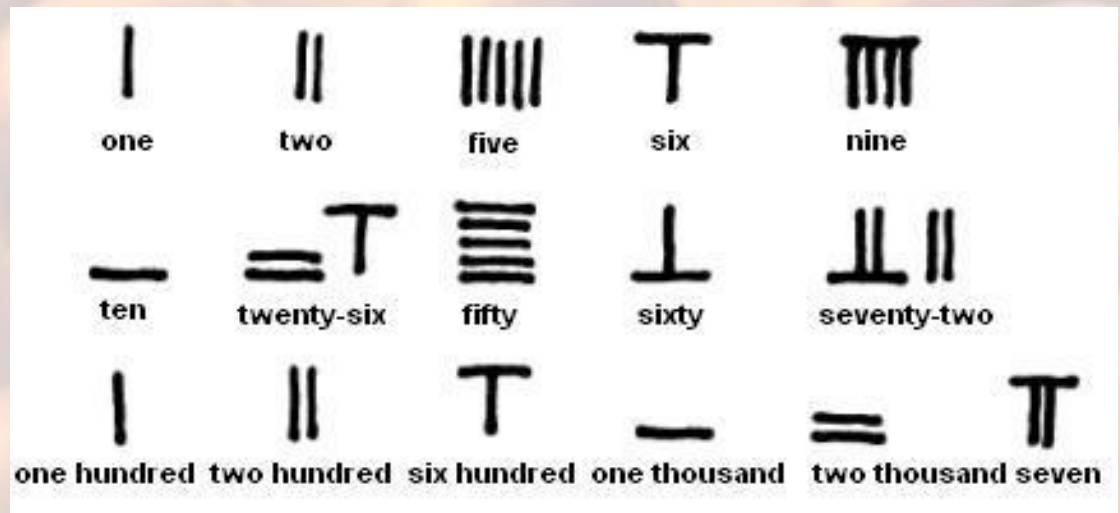
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# ANCIENT CHINA

- Three main causes for excellence.
  - What the slaves and domestics had to learn the higher nobles had to learn as well
  - Simplicity and elegance of their language
  - Highly developed written language

# CHINESE NUMERALS

Arabic numerals	Chinese Name
0	ling
1	I
2	Erh
3	San
4	Szu
5	Wu
6	Liu
7	Ch'i
8	Pa
9	Chiu
10	Shi



# THE COUNTING BOARD

- Counting Sticks
  - Red was positive
  - Black was negative
- Full set contained 271 sticks




# MAGIC SQUARES

- The constant sum in every row, column and diagonal is called the magic constant or magic sum,  $M$ .

		4	9	2	...
		3	5	7	...
		8	1	6	...
	∴	∴	∴	∴	∴
15		15	15	15	15

# TRY THIS

		8		2		5		
				1			9	
		4	8			2		6
	3		6				2	
		6				1		
	7				9		5	
1		3			2	4		
	6			7				
		5		8		3		

# ANSWER

9	1	8	3	2	6	5	4	7
6	2	7	4	1	5	8	9	3
3	5	4	8	9	7	2	1	6
5	3	9	6	4	1	7	2	8
2	4	6	7	5	8	1	3	9
8	7	1	2	3	9	6	5	4
1	8	3	9	6	2	4	7	5
4	6	2	5	7	3	9	8	1
7	9	5	1	8	4	3	6	2

# TWO EQUATIONS, TWO UNKNOWNNS

- Two known quantity facts:
  - Guests used 52 dinner plates
  - Game with men and women paired off
- $M$  is for men and  $W$  is for women
- $R$  is for rice (2) ,  $S$  is for soup (3), and  $P$  is for pork (4)
- $\frac{1}{2}(m + w) + \frac{1}{3}(m + w) + \frac{1}{4}(m + w) = 52 = 13/12$ 
  - So, number of guests is  $1/12$  less than number of dishes
  - Number of guests = 48 men and women
- $M + W = 48, M = W$ 
  - $2M = 48$
  - $M = 24, W = 24$
- “Rhetorical Algebra”

# INDETERMINATE EQUATIONS



- Four cash for cock, five for hen, and one for chicken
- Cook has 100 cash
- Algorithm: Add one cock and one chicken for each hen taken away

# MODULAR ARITHMETIC

• Three men grow and sell rice in different markets at different prices, totaling 804

• Cattie ~ approximately 1 lb 5oz

• A has remainder 2, B has remainder 3, and C remainder 2

• 3 A units = 5 B units = 7 C units

• Once 23 is reached, then can add sum of multiple repeatedly

•  $3 \times 5 \times 7 = 105$

•  $23 + 105 = 128$

•  $128 + 105 = 233$

•  $233 + 105 = 338$

•  $338 \times 3 = 1014$

	A	B	C
Divisor	3	5	7
Remainder	2	3	2
1st Guess	2	3	2
2nd Guess	5	8	9
3rd Guess	8	13	16
4th Guess	11	18	23
5th Guess	14	23	
6th Guess	17		
7th Guess	20		
8th Guess	23		

# WORKS USED

- The Story of Numbers
- Google Images

